Begin — April 14, 1960

30.24-10479

A7

AMS BUDGET (370)
NIGHT LEAD DISARMAMENT
BY GUSTAV SVENSSON

GENEVA, APRIL 14 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION SLAMMED THE DOOR TODAY ON A FRESH WESTERN BID TO GET THE 10-NATION DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE DOWN TO BRASS TACKS.

SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN ZORIN REJECTED OFFHAND A U.S. OFFER TO NEGOTIATE A QUICK BAN ON PRODUCTION OF FISSIONABLE MATERIALS FOR MILITARY PURPOSES.

UNDER THE WESTERN PLAN THE BAN WAS TO BE FOLLOWED BY GRADUAL DISMANTLING OF EXISTING NUCLEAR WARHEADS AND CONVERSION OF THEIR ATOMIC CHARGES TO EXCLUSIVELY PEACEFUL USES.

U.S. AMBASSADOR FREDRICK M. EATON INTRODUCED THE PROPOSAL IN A FINAL WESTERN ATTEMPT TO BREAK THE DISARMAMENT DEADLOCK BEFORE THE CONFERENCE AJOURNS FOR EASTER. HE COUPLED IT WITH AN OFFER TO LET SOVIET INSPECTORS ROAM FREELY IN U.S. NUCLEAR MATERIALS PLANTS IN RETURN FOR WESTERN INSPECTION OF SIMILAR SOVIET PLANTS.

ZORIN BRUSHED IT ALL OFF BY SAYING: "MR. EATON'S PROPOSAL TODAY IMPLIES MORE CONTROL THAN DISARMAMENT."

EATON TOLD THE MEETING THE WESTERN PLAN WAS INTRODUCED "IN THE HOPE THAT WE MIGHT BE ABLE TO PASS BEYOND GENERALITIES AND MOVE INTO THE REAL PURPOSE OF OUR CONFERENCE."

HE SAID THE CUTOFF OF PRODUCTION OF FISSIONABLE MATERIALS FOR BOMBMAKING WOULD BE AN IMPORTANT FIRST STEP TO REVERSE THE PRESENT BUILDUP OF NUCLEAR ARMAMENTS.

"THE PEOPLE OF THE WORLD ARE DEEPLY CONCERNED ABOUT NUCLEAR WEAPONS," HE SAID. "WE SHOULD AT ONCE START SERIOUS NEGOTIATIONS TO HALT THE BUILDUP OF SUCH WEAPONS AND ALSO ADDRESS OURSELVES TO MEASURES DESIGNED TO DECREASE THE STOCKPILE OF WEAPONS."

EATON SAID THAT UNDER THE PLAN MILITARY NUCLEAR PRODUCTION WOULD CEASE "AS QUICKLY AS THE STUDY OF RELEVANT SCIENTIFIC MEANS WILL PERMIT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN ADEQUATE SYSTEM OF VERIFICATION AND CONTROL." THIS WOULD BE FOLLOWED BY "THE BEGINNINGS OF CONVERSION OF EXISTING MATERIALS FOR PEACEFUL PRUPOSES."

A CONTROL MACHINERY, INCLUDING INSPECTORS WITH COMPLETE FREEDOM TO CHECK WHATEVER THEY LIKED, WOULD BE SET UP FIRST IN THE ATOMIC INDUSTRIES OF THE FOUR NUCLEAR WEAPON POWERS. THE VERIFICATION SYSTEM COULD BE EXTENDED LATER TO ALL COUNTRIES WITH NUCLEAR REACTORS CAPABLE OF PRODUCING MATERIALS FOR MILITARY PURPOSES.

EATON SAID THE UNITED STATES "STANDS READY TO TRANSFER AGREED QUANTITIES OF FISSIONABLE MATERIAL TO PEACEFUL USES FROM PAST PRODUCTION, WHICH INCLUDES MATERIAL CONTAINED IN WEAPONS STOCKS."

A U.S. DELEGATION SPOKESMAN DESCRIBED ZORIN'S NEGATIVE REACTION "A CURIOUS AND EVEN DEPRESSING PERFORMANCE."

J232PES

A142 (230)

GENEVA, APRIL 14 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION AGREED TODAY THAT AN EAST-WEST GROUP OF SCIENTISTS SHOULD MEET NEXT MONTH TO WORK OUT A RESEARCH PROGRAM TO IMPROVE DETECTION OF UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR BLASTS.

THE BIG THREE NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS THEN WENT INTO RECESS UNTIL APRIL 25 TO PERMIT THE DELEGATES TO CONSULT WITH THEIR GOVERNMENTS.

THE SCIENTIFIC GROUP WAS SUGGESTED TUESDAY BY U.S. AMBASSADOR JAMES J.WADSWORTH. IT WOULD CONCENTRATE ON THE BETTERING DETECTION METHODS, A WESTERN CONDITION FOR A MORATORIUMNON SMALL UNDERGROUND TESTS.

SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN TOLD THE 198TH MEETING OF THE CONFERENCE HIS GOVERNMENT HAD NO OBJECTION TO WADSWORTH'S PROPOSAL.

THE SCIENTISTS ARE TO MEET FIRST MAY 11. THE CHOICE OF THIS DATE INDICATED THERE WAS NO LONGER ANY PROSPECT THAT THE THREE-NATION TREATY COULD BE FULLY DRAFTED PRIOR TO THE EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE OPENING IN PARIS MAY 16.

WADSWORTH, TSARAPKIN AND BRITISH DELEGATE SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT PLAN TO RETURN TO THEIR RESPECTIVE CAPITALS DURING THE RECESS TO TALK OVER THE REMAINING TREATY PROBLEMS WITH THEIR GOVERNMENTS AND HELP PREPARE THE GROUND FOR THE SUMMIT DISCUSSIONS.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN LAST MONTH CONDITIONALLY OFFERED THE RUSSIANS A TEMPORARY MORATORIUM ON THE SMALL UNDERGROUND BLASTS WHICH PRESENT TECHNIQUES CANNOT IDENTIFY. THIS WOULD ACCOMPANY A PERMANENT TREATY BANNING ALL DETECTABLE NUCLEAR TESTS UNDERGROUND, ABOVE GROUND, IN THE ATMOSPHERE AND UNDER WATER.

AS THE SIMULTANEOUS RESEARCH PROGRAM IMPROVED DETECTION TECHNIQUES, MORE AND MORE OF THE SMALL UNDERGROUND TESTS WOULD BECOME DETECTABLE AND WOULD BE WRITTEN INTO THE PERMANENT TREATY BAN.

RP1138AES

A41 1960

(230)

PARIS, APRIL 14 (AP)-U.S. FRENCH NUCLEAR DISCUSSIONS WOUND UP TODAY WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF INCREASED COOPERATION IN PEACEFUL ATOMIC RESEARCH--BUT WITH AMERICAN ATOMIC SECRETS STILL FIRMLY SECRET.

INFORMED SOURCES SAID THE MAC MAHON ACT, CHIEF STUMBLING BLOCK TO FRENCH EFFORTS TO SHARE AMERICAN MILITARY ATOMIC SECRETS, WAS NOT EVEN MENTIONED IN THE FORMAL MEETINGS--THOUGH IT MAY HAVE BEEN BROUGHT UP ON AN INFORMAL BASIS.

A COMMUNIQUE PUBLISHED AT THE END OF A FOUR-DAY VISIT TO FRANCE BY JOHN MCCONE, CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, SAID ATOMIC MILITARY DISCUSSIONS WERE CONFINED TO THE EXISTING AGREEMENT UNDER WHICH THE UNITED STATES IS SUPPLYING ENRICHED URANIUM FOR A FRENCH-BUILT NUCLEAR SUBMARINE POWER PLANT.

NO DETAILS OF THE TALKS WERE MADE PUBLIC. THE COMMUNIQUE SAID THE DISCUSSION OF PEACEFUL ATOMIC USES DEALT WITH A REVIEW OF FRENCH AND U.S. NUCLEAR POWER PROGRAMS AND AN EXPLORATION OF INCREASED COOPERATION IN THIS FIELD.

THE MAC MAHON ACT IS A SORE POINT WITH THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT, WHICH FEELS THAT AFTER THE EXPLOSION OF TWO FRENCH ATOMIC BOMBS THE COUNTRY HAS QUALIFIED WITH THE ACT'S PROVISION THAT U.S. ATOMIC SECRETS BE GIVEN ONLY TO ALLIES WHICH HAVE MADE SUBSTANTIAL NUCLEAR PROGRESS ON THEIR OWN. SO FAR ONLY GREAT BRITAIN HAS BEEN ALLOWED TO SHARE IN THE AMERICAN MILITARY RESEARCH PROGRAM. AMERICAN OFFICIALS FEEL FRANCE IS ABOUT A DECADE BEHIND IN NUCLEAR DEVELOPMENT.

JR532PES

B7 (Q)

BONN, GERMANY, APRIL 14 (AP)-REFUGEE MINISTER THEODOR OBERLAENDER, BEGAN A PROLONGED VACATION TODAY. IT IS REGARDED AS CERTAIN HE WILL RESIGN HIS POST BEFORE HIS VACATION HAS ENDED.

OBERLAENDER HAS BEEN ACCUSED OF RESPONSIBILTY FOR A WARTIME MASSACRE IN POLAND. PRESSURE FROM THE OPPOSITION SOCIAL DEMOCRATS, WHO DEMANDED AN INVESTIGATION BY PARLIAMENT OF HIS NAZI PAST, IS REGARDED AS HAVING INDUCED OBERLAENDER TO GIVE UP HIS POST IN THE BONN CABINET. HIS PARTY, THE CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS, MAINTAINS HE IS DEPARTING OF HIS OWN FREE WILL.

ML232PES

595 (150)

BERLIN, APRIL 14 (AP)-EAST GERMANY WOULD ACCEPT AN INTERIM SOLUTION ON BERLIN, ITS DEPUTY PREMIER SAID TODAY, BUT HE ADDED THAT THE PATIENCE OF THE COMMUNIST REGIME IS NOT INEXHAUSTIBLE.

HEINRICH RAU, WHO IS ALSO FOREIGN TRADE MINISTER, RELEASED THROUGH THE EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN A SPEECH HE WANTED TO GIVE AT AN OPEN AIR MEETING IN WEST BERLIN. AUTHORITIES FORBADE THE GATHERING.

HE PLEADED FOR THE SOVIET PROPOSAL TO TURN ISOLATED WEST BERLIN, AN ISLAND COMPLETELY SURROUNDED BY COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY, INTO A FREE CITY. THE WESTERN POWERS HAVE REJECTED THIS.

RAU DENIED THAT THE COMMUNISTS WOULD TAKE OVER THE FREE CITY. THEY WOULD, HE SAID, BE READY TO GUARANTEE ITS EXISTENCE UNTIL GERMANY "IS REUNITED IN A DEMOCRATIC WAY." THE COMMUNISTS HAVE THEIR OWN DEFINITION OF "DEMOCRATIC."

"WE ARE ALSO READY FOR AN INTERIM SOLUTION," HE SAID. "BUT OUR PATIENCE IN THIS MATTER IS NOT INEXHAUSTIBLE."

HE DID NOT SUGGEST WHAT AN ACCEPTABLE INTERIM SOLUTION MIGHT BE.

SM928PES

B110 (250) (Q IN)

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, APRIL 14 (AP)-U. S. MILITARY AUTHORITIES TODAY PREPARED A NEW SEARCH IN THE LIBYAN DESERT FOR FOUR BODIES STILL MISSING FROM THE WORLD WAR II CRASH OF AN AMERICAN BOMBER.

CAPT. MYRON C. FULLER, OF PLACERVILLE, CALIF., OF THE U. S. ARMY MORTUARY SERVICE TOLD A NEWSMAN THE JOINT ARMY-AIR FORCE OPERATION WILL PROBABLY GET UNDER WAY TOWARD THE END OF NEXT WEEK.

THE FOUR BAILED OUT ALONG WITH THE OTHERS OF THE NINE-MAN CREW AFTER A BOMBING RAID ON NAPLES, ITALY, APRIL 4, 1943.

THEIR FOUR-ENGINE LIBERATOR--NAMED "LADY BE GOOD"--WAS FOUND ALMOST A YEAR AGO BY BRITISH GEOLOGISTS 500 MILES FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN COAST. APPARENTLY IT HAD MADE AN UNMANNED BELLY LANDING, LEAVING THE PLANE VIRTUALLY UNDAMAGED.

LAST FEBRUARY, AFTER TWO EXTENSIVE AND UNSUCCESSFUL EARLIER SEARCHES, THE REMAINS OF FIVE MEN WERE FOUND BY A BRITISH OIL EXPLORATION CREW. WITH THEM WAS FOUND A DIARY WHICH TOLD OF AN EIGHT-DAY TREK TO DEATH BY EIGHT MAN OF THE CREW. A NINTH, 2ND LT. JOHN S. WORAVKA, OF CLEVELAND, OHIO, HAD FAILED TO JOIN THE OTHERS AFTER BAILOUT, THE DIARY REVEALED.

THREE OTHERS, IT SAID, LEFT THE MAIN GROUP IN SEARCH OF HELP. THEY COULD BE IDENTIFIED THROUGH THE ENTRIES AS S SGT. GUY E. SHELLEY, OF NEW CUMBERLAND, PA., T SGT. HAROLD S. RIPSLINGER, OF SAGINAW, MICH., AND S. SGT. VERNON L. MOORE, OF NEW BOSTON, OHIO.

CAPT. FULLER SAID ORIGINALLY HE HAD PLANNED TO LEAVE NEXT MONDAY FOR LIBYA TO START THE SEARCH FOR THESE FOUR.

"BUT WE HAVE TOO MUCH EQUIPMENT TO GET TOGETHER AND IT'S JUST TAKING MORE TIME THAN WE THOUGHT," HE SAID. "WE'RE USING HELICOPTERS AND WE'LL HAVE TO WORK TOGETHER WITH THE AIR FORCE."

JS129PES

£B66 Q 200

AMSTERDAM, NETHERLANDS, APRIL 14 (AP)-A GERMAN, BOYCOTTED BY HIS FELLOW VILLAGERS BECAUSE HE HELPED A JEW IS TOURING HOLLAND TODAY AS A GUEST OF A DUTCH MAGAZINE.

MAX KAUFMANN, 46, OF KOEPPERN, A COMMUNITY OF 4,000 NEAR FRANKFURT, SAID THE TROUBLE STARTED LAST YEAR WHEN THE JEW, KURT SUMPF, RETURNED FROM ISRAEL AND RENTED A BAKERY WITH A PUB IN KOPPERN FOR 600 MARKS PER MONTH.

"TWO HUNDRED MARKS WOULD HAVE BEEN FULLY ADEQUATE, BUT THE LOCAL PEOPLE THOUGHT THAT SUMPF WOULD BE FRIGHTENED OFF BY THE HIGH RENT," KAUFMANN TOLD THE DUTCH REPORTERS.

SUMPF'S PUB BECAME A CENTER FOR KOEPPERN ROWDIES, WHO FINALLY SMASHED UP THE PUB WHEN ASKED TO PAY THEIR BILLS, KAUFMANN SAID. LAST OCTOBER, HE WENT ON, 11 DEFENDANTS WERE BROUGHT BEFORE A FRANKFURT JUDGE--BUT 33 WITNESSES KEPT MUM OR RETRACTED PRELIMINARY TESTIMONY.

KAUFMANN CLAIMED HE WAS THE ONLY WITNESS WHO STUCK TO HIS EARLIER ACCOUNT. ONE OF THE DEFENDANTS WAS SENTENCED TO FOUR MONTHS JAIL, FOUR WERE FINED UP TO 400 MARKS AND THE OTHERS WERE RELEASED.

BUT KAUFMANN ADDED THAT IT WAS HE WHO WAS REALLY CONDEMNED. HIS BUSINESS AS A FREIGHT CARRIER AND IN BUILDING MATERIAL WAS BOYCOTTED BY KOEPPERN.

"IN THE LAST SIX WEEKS I HARDLY EARNED ANYTHING," HE SAID.

KAUFMANN ADDED THAT THERE ARE INDICATIONS THE BONN GOVERNMENT IS NOW LOOKING INTO THE BOYCOTT. SUMPF WENT TO THE UNITED STATES, BUT KAUFMANN WILL RETURN TO KOEPPERN AFTER HIS THREE-DAY TOUR OF HOLLAND.

WD1013AES

AP89

VIENNA, APRIL 14 (AP)-IN UNIFORM AND CARRYING TOMMY-GUNS, SIGNAL FLARES AND AMMUNITION, TWO HUNGARIAN SOLDIERS ASKED AUSTRIAN BORDER AUTHORITIES FOR POLITICAL ASYLUM, GENDARMERIE OFFICIALS REPORTED TONIGHT.

THEY CAME ACROSS THE FRONTIER NEAR DEUTSCH-SCHUETZEN AND WERE TRANSFERRED TO GRAZ FOR QUESTIONING.

JR757PES

A104 (320)

BY A.I. GOLDBERG

MOSCOW, APRIL 14 (AP)-PRAVDA DEVOTED FOUR COLUMNS TODAY TO A CRITICAL REVIEW OF SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER'S SPEECH ON WORLD AFFAIRS BEFORE THE NATIONAL ASSN. OF BROADCASTERS IN CHICAGO APRIL 4. THE HEADLINE WAS "OUT OF TUNE WITH THE TIMES."

THE REVIEW WAS SIGNED BY "OBSERVER," A PSEUDONYM USED BY AUTHORITATIVE CONTRIBUTORS TO THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER. THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS CARRIED THE TEXT IN ITS FOREIGN SERVICE.

THE REVIEW PUT DISARMAMENT AT THE TOP OF THE SUBJECTS FOR CONSIDERATION AT THE BIG FOUR SUMMIT MEETING OPENING IN PARIS MAY 16 AND SAID HERTER FAILED TO ANSWER SATISFACTORILY HOW IT IS GOING

TO BE SETTLED.

THE PRAVDA APPRAISAL WAS A FURTHER INDICATION OF THE EMPHASIS SOVIET LEADERS INTEND TO PUT ON DISARMAMENT IN THE BUILDUP TOWARD THE SUMMIT. THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA CAME OUT APRIL 9 WITH A SOMEWHAT SHARPER PIECE.

"OBSERVER" WROTE IT IS GOOD THAT HERTER'S SPEECH DID NOT CALL FOR "MASSED NUCLEAR RETALIATION, LIBERATION AND BALANCING ON THE BRINK OF WAR." THE ARTICLE NOTED THAT HE DWELT IN DETAIL ON DISARMAMENT AND THE GERMAN PROBLEM. IT SAID:

"ONE CANNOT BUT ACKNOWLEDGE AS REASONABLE CHRISTIAN HERTER'S STATEMENTS ON THE NECESSITY OF REDUCING THE RISK OF WAR BY MEANS OF DISARMAMENT, OF NEGOTIATING WITH THE SOVIET UNION TO SOLVE OUTSTANDING POLITICAL PROBLEMS AND SO ON. . .

"BUT HE LOOKS ON INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS IN MANY WAYS FROM OUTMODED POSITIONS. BESIDES EXPRESSIONS OF COMMON SENSE, HIS SPEECH CONTAINS HE OLD SLOGANS OF THE POLICY OF 'POSITIONS OF STRENGTH,' THE VERY SAME BANKRUPT POLICY WHICH HAS LONG SINCE BEEN CONDEMNED BY WORLD OPINION."

THE SECRETARY WAS DESCRIBED AS NOT POSITIVE ENOUGH ABOUT THE SOLUTION OF THE QUESTIONS OF DISARMAMENT, CESSATION OF NUCLEAR TESTS, A GERMAN PEACE TREATY AND MAKING WEST BERLIN A FREE CITY, WHICH WERE LISTED IN THAT ORDER.

THE ARTICLE CHARGED THAT THE WESTERN POWERS HAVE MADE NO SINGLE CONCRETE PROPOSAL THAT COULD LIQUIDATE THE "RELICS" OF WORLD WAR II.

--DASH--

HERTER'S KEY THEME WAS THAT THE WEST WILL SEEK AT THE SUMMIT TO EXPLORE ALL AVENUES TOWARD REDUCED RISK OF WAR WHILE MAKING CLEAR ITS DETERMINATION TO DEFEND ESSENTIAL RIGHTS.

JR855PES

A99

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, APRIL 14 (AP)-A LIFE-SIZE BRONZE BUST OF THE LATE LT. GEN. CLAIRE L. CHENNAULT WAS UNVEILED TODAY IN THE REFUGEE CAPITAL OF THE NATIONALIST CHINESE GOVERNMENT THAT THE FAMED AMERICAN FLYING TIGER FOUGHT FOR AGAINST JAPANESE INVADERS AND COMMUNIST REVOLUTIONISTS.

MME. CHIANG KAI-SHEK, WIFE OF THE CHINESE NATIONALIST PRESIDENT, DID THE UNVEILING IN A MOVING CEREMONY ATTENDED BY CHENNAULT'S PETITE CHINESE-BORN WIDOW ANNA AND AMERICAN AND CHINESE MILITARY AND POLITICAL DIGNITARIES.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SENT A MESSAGE PAYING TRIBUTE TO "THE GALLANT COMMANDER" OF THE U.S. 14TH AIR FORCE AND DECLARED IT WAS "ALTOGETHER FITTING THAT WHILE HIS MORTAL REMAINS LIE AMONG THOSE OF AMERICA'S SOLDIERS OF ALL WARS, HIS SPIRIT IS MEMORIALIZED TODAY IN FREE CHINA."

CHENNAULT DIED OF LUNG CANCER JULY 27, 1958, AT THE AGE OF 64 AND WAS BURIED IN THE ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY IN VIRGINIA.

THE STRIKINGLY REALISTIC BUST--THE WORK OF CHINESE SCULPTOR YANG MING-FENG--RESTS ON A PEDESTAL IN THE CHILDREN'S PLAYGROUND SECTION OF A NEW PARK FRONTING GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK'S OFFICIAL PALACE IN DOWNTOWN TAIPEI. THE SCULPTOR CAUGHT CHENNAULT'S LEATHERY FEATURES BUT MADE ONE MISTAKE--HE PUT THE "U.S." ON THE LEFT LAEPL OF THE FLIER'S UNIFORM BUT NOT ON THE RIGHT LAPEL.

THE ONLY OTHER PUBLIC STATUE STANDING ON NATIONALIST-HELD FORMOSA IS OF CHIANG. THE CHINESE USUALLY DO NOT FOLLOW THE WESTERN CUSTOM OF ERECTING STATUES TO DIGNITARIES, AND CHENNAULT'S WIDOW SAID SHE WAS TOLD "IT IS THE FIRST TIME IN HISTORY THAT THE CHINESE HAVE ERECTED A STATUE OF A FOREIGNER ON CHINESE SOIL."

GEN. EMMETT (ROSY) O'DONNELL, COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE U.S. AIR FORCE IN THE PACIFIC, AND FORMER FLIERS UNDER CHENNAULT'S COMMAND IN WORLD WAR II WERE AMONG THOSE AT THE UNVEILING.

30.24-10481

EISENHOWER'S MESSAGE, WHICH WAS READ AT THE CEREMONY, SAID:

"FOR MYSELF AND ON BEHALF OF THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES I SHOULD LIKE TO EXPRESS PROFOUND GRATITUDE TO THE PEOPLE OF FREE CHINA TO HAVE VOLUNTARILY CONTRIBUTED TO THE RECTION OF THIS UNIQUE TRIBUTE TO THE MEMORY OF GEN. CLAIRE LEE CHENNAULT.

"THE HEROIC EFFORTS OF THIS MAN DURING CHINA'S STRUGGLE AGAINST INVASION ARE ENGRAVED IN HISTORY.

"WHEN GEN. CHENNAULT VOLUNTEERED TO FIGHT FOR CHINA, HE SERVED NOT ONLY THE CAUSE OF CHINESE FREEDOM, BUT THE CAUSE OF FREEDOM EVERYWHERE.

"WHEN HIS OWN COUNTRY JOINED THE WAR, HE CONTINUED TO FIGHT IN CHINA AS THE GALLANT COMMANDER OF THE U.S. 14TH AIR FORCE.

"IT IS THUS ALTOGETHER FITTING THAT WHILE HIS MORTAL REMAINS LIE AMONG THOSE OF AMERICA'S SOLDIERS OF ALL WARS, HIS SPIRIT IS MEMORIALIZED TODAY IN FREE CHINA."

QR919AES

A94

NEW DELHI, APRIL 14 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NEHRU LEFT FOR NORTHEAST INDIA TODAY FOR FINAL CONFERENCES WITH BORDER OFFICIALS BEFORE HIS MEETING NEXT WEEK WITH CHINESE COMMUNIST PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI.

NEHRU FLEW TO PATNA, CAPITAL OF BIHAR STATE, EN ROUTE TO ASSAM. IN ASSAM, WHICH ADJOINS THE NORTHEAST FRONTIER AGENCY, HE WILL CONFER WITH OFFICIALS ON THE LATEST SITUATION IN THE FRONTIER TERRITORY, ONE OF THE TWO BORDER AREAS INDIA AND CHINA ARE DISPUTING.

NEHRU IS SCHEDULED TO RETURN TO NEW DELHI APRIL 17, TWO DAYS BEFORE CHOU'S ARRIVAL.

HA812AES

B64 Q (120)

WITH NEW DELHI A94

TOKYO, APRIL 14 (AP)-COMMUNIST CHINA SAID TODAY IT IS GOING INTO BORDER TALKS WITH INDIA THIS MONTH WITHOUT ANY PRECONDITIONS AND IN THE CONVICTION A SETTLEMENT IS POSSIBLE IF BOTH SIDES TREAT IN GOOD FAITH.

AN ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE COMMUNIST CHINESE FOREIGN MINISTRY SAID A NOTE TO THAT EFFECT WAS DELIVERED TONTHE INDIAN EMBASSY IN PEIPING APRIL 3. DISCLOSURE OF THE NOTE WAS MADE BY THE NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY ON THE EVE OF PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI'S ARRIVAL IN BURMA EN ROUTE TO INDIA, WHERE HE IS TO OPEN TALKS ON THE BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

PUTTING ON A FRIENDLY FACE IN ADVANCE OF THE TALKS, PEIPING SAID:

"NO MATTER HOW GREAT THE PRESENT DIFFERENCE BETWEEN CHINA AND INDIA...IT IS AFTER ALL AN ISSUE OF A LIMITED AND TEMPORARY NATURE COMPARED WITH THE FUNDAMENTAL NEED OF THE TWO PEOPLES TO MAINTAIN FRIENDLY COOPERATION FOR THOUSANDS AND TENS OF THOUSANDS OF YEARS TO COME."

QR956AES

A85

LAHORE, WEST PAKISTAN, APRIL 14 (AP)-PRESIDENT NASSER OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC SAID TODAY HE OPPOSES THE IDEA OF A MOSLEM BLOC IN WORLD POLITICS ON THE GROUND THAT IT WOULD INCREASE FANATICISM.

"WHAT FUTURE FOR THE WORLD IF WE THINK IN BLOCS?" ASKED NASSER, WHO HEADS A LARGELY MOSLEM NATION AND IS A MOSLEM HIMSELF. "I THINK THIS WOULD RESULT IN FANATIC ACTION ALL OVER THE WORLD."

THE TOURING PRESIDENT WAS ADDRESSING A NEWS CONFERENCE AFTER FOUR

DAYS IN MOSLEM PAKISTAN.
THERE IS A STRONG UNDERCURRENT OF PAKISTANI SUPPORT FOR A MOSLEM BLOC AND A TOUCH OF RESENTMENT THAT NASSER USUALLY EMPHASIZES ARAB NATIONALISM RATHER THAN MOSLEM UNITY.
JR753PES

A87
(280)
TOKYO, APRIL 14 (AP)-SOVIET AMBASSADOR NICOLAI T. FEDORENKO TOLD THE JAPANESE TODAY HIS GOVERNMENT IS PREPARED TO GUARANTEE JAPAN'S NEUTRALITY IF IT WILL CUT ITS MILITARY TIES WITH THE UNITED STATES.
"THE SOVIET UNION WANTS TO ESTABLISH FRIENDLY GOOD NEIGHBOR RELATIONS WITH JAPAN BUT AT THE SAME TIME IT CANNOT REMAIN INDIFFERENT TO THE SIGNING OF THE NEW (JAPANESE-AMERICAN) SECURITY TREATY," THE ENVOY SAID AT A GENERAL MEETING OF THE JAPAN-SOVIET SOCIETY.
FEDORENKO'S ATTACK AGAINST THE SECURITY TREATY SIGNED IN WASHINGTON LAST JANUARY WAS DELIVERED AS THE GOVERNMENT OF PRIME MINISTER NOBUSUKE KISHI MOBILIZED ITS FORCES TO OBTAIN PARLIAMENTARY RATIFICATION OF THE PACT BEFORE THE ARRIVAL OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HERE ON A GOODWILL VISIT JUNE 19.
"IT IS IN THE INTERESTS OF THE JAPANESE PEOPLE THEMSELVES FOR JAPAN TO REJECT SUBORDINATE MILITARY DUTIES, BANISH FOREIGN BASES AND EXPEL FOREIGN TROOPS," FEDORENKO TOLD THE MEETING. "THIS IS THE STARTING POINT CONTAINED IN JAPAN'S CONSTITUTION WHICH PROHIBITS REARMAMENT AND ABANDONS WARS."
HE ADDED: "THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT...IS PREPARED TO GUARANTEE JAPAN'S NEUTRALITY WITH THE PARTICIPATION OF AMERICA AND THE COUNTRIES OF THE PACIFIC AREA OR IF IT IS DEEMED MORE PROPER. . . TO GUARANTEE JAPAN'S NEUTRALITY THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS."
THE RUSSIAN DIPLOMAT HAS NO CHANCE OF MOVING JAPAN'S CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT AWAY FROM ITS PRO-WESTERN COURSE, BUT HIS WORDS APPARENTLY WERE DESIGNED TO ENCOURAGE LEFT-WING GROUPS, INCLUDING THE SOCIALISTS AND THE SOHYO LABOR FEDERATION, WHO HAVE BEEN STAGING A SERIES OF CHANTING, FLAG-WAVING DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST THE SECURITY PACT.
SHOULD THEY PUT ON A GIANT ANTI-AMERICAN PROTEST DURING EISENHOWER'S VISIT, IT WOULD MEAN A SERIOUS DENT IN THE PRRESTIGE OF BOTH KISHI AND THE UNITED STATES IN JAPAN.
HA755AES

B26 (Q)
-17- (230)
TOKYO, APRIL 14 (AP)-DETAILED AERIAL MAPS OF COMMUNIST CHINESE, KOREAN AND SOVIET TERRITORIES IN FILES OF JAPAN'S AIR DEFENSE FORCE LANDED THE GOVERNMENT IN HOT WATER TODAY.
SOCIALIST DEPUTIES ICHIRO ASUKATA AND SETSUO YOKOMICHI TOLD THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE U.S.-JAPAN SECURITY TREATY THAT THE MAPS SHOWED JAPAN'S ARMED FORCES ARE OF AN AGGRESSIVE NATURE.
THE CHARGE WAS DENIED BY PRIME MINISTER NOBUSUKE KISHI AND DEFENSE AGENCY DIRECTOR MUNENORI AKAGI. BUT THE SOCIALISTS PRESSED THE ISSUE IN THEIR FIGHT TO BLOCK PARLIAMENTARY RATIFICATION OF THE TREATY, SIGNED IN WASHINGTON LAST JANUARY.
ASUKATA PRODUCED PHOTOSTATS OF THE MAPS.
"WHY IS IT NECESSARY FOR THE DEFENSE FORCE TO HAVE SUCH DETAILED MAPS OF TERRITORIES AS FAR AWAY FROM JAPAN AS KAMCHATKA, SIBERIA, AND KWEILIN, IN THE INTERIOR OF MAINLAND CHINA?" HE DEMANDED.
"FOR DEFENSIVE PURPOSES," AKAGI RETORTED.
"HOW DID YOU MAKE THE MAPS IF JAPANESE PLANES DIDN'T MAKE AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS?"
"OUR PLANES DID NOT MAKE THE PHOTOGRAPHS. SOMETIMES WE CAN BUY MATERIAL FROM VARIOUS COUNTRIES. BUT I CAN'T SAY BY WHICH METHOD THESE MAPS WERE MADE. IT'S LIKE A NEWSMAN PROTECTING HIS NEWS SOURCE."
HOOTS AND CALLS BROKE FROM THE SOCIALIST BENCH.
"THE DEFENSE FORCE OPERATES ACCORDING TO THE CONSTITUTION," INTERJECTED KISHI. "THERE IS NO CONNECTION BETWEEN THE MAPS AND THE CLAUSE IN THE NEW TREATY DEFINING THE FAR EAST AS THE AREA OF APPLICATION OF THE TREATY."
THERE WAS LOUD LAUGHTER.
THE MEETING ENDED WITHOUT RESOLVING THE ISSUE.
ML446PES

B61 Q (150)
SEOUL, KOREA, APRIL 14 (AP)-SOUTH KOREAN PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE TODAY SAID HIS GOVERNMENT AND PEOPLE "ARE DEEPLY PLEASED THAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL BE ABLE TO PAY US A VISIT IN JUNE."
RHEE SAID IN A STATEMENT EISENHOWER WILL SEE "THE MIRACLE" DONE IN KOREA BY AMERICAN AID.
THE STATEMENT ALSO SAID THE VISIT WILL PROVE AMERICAN POLICY "HAS NOT CHANGED IN ANY IMPORTANT WAY" SINCE JUNE 1950, WHEN THE UNITED STATES INTERVENED IN THE KOREAN WAR.
"AS ONE OF OUR ERA'S GREAT MILITARY LEADERS," RHEE SAID, "HE ALSO WILL BE ABLE TO JUDGE A BATTLEFRONT AND TRUCE SITUATION WHICH CONTINUES TO DIVIDE THE COUNTRY AND TO POSE GRAVE DANGER OF FURTHER CONFLICT.
"PERSONALLY, I LOOK FORWARD TO RENEWING WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER THE CONSIDERATION OF ASIAN PROBLEMS THAT MARKED BOTH OUR SEOUL DISCUSSIONS OF 1952 AND THOSE AT WASHINGTON IN 1954."
QR&HW935AES

B47 (150) (SEG)
CONAKRY, GUINEA, APRIL 14 (AP)-THE CHIEF CHINESE COMMUNIST DELEGATE TO THE SECOND AFRO-ASIAN SOLIDARITY CONFERENCE SAYS THE MAIN THREAT TO UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS OF THE WORLD IS "DEADLY AMERICAN IMPERIALISM."
LIAO CHENG CHI YESTERDAY SCORED THE COLONIAL POLICIES OF FRANCE AND BRITAIN BUT SAID THAT "AMERICAN IMPERIALISM IS THE CRUELEST AND MOST DANGEROUS OF ALL."
HE ACCUSED THE UNITED STATES OF CONSTANT INTERFERENCE IN MIDDLE EAST, AFRICAN AND LATIN AMERICAN AFFAIRS, SAYING:
"AMERICA IS THE FRENCH COLONIALISTS' ACCOMPLICE IN HELPING MASSACRE ALGERIAN AND CAMEROON PEOPLES. THE UNITED STATES IS SUPPORTING THE COLONIAL POLICIES OF FRANCE AND OTHER POWERS AND PUTTING AFRICANS UNDER A YOKE."
HE PRAISED THE REVOLUTIONARY REGIME OF CUBAN PRIME MINISTER FIDEL CASTRO AND SAID THAT DESPITE U.S. DESIGNS IN LATIN AMERICA," "THE CUBAN PEOPLE SUCCESSFULLY DEFENDED THEIR OWN VICTORY AGAINST AMERICAN IMPERIALISM."
HL742AES

A26WX (BJT)
(580) AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD FOREIGN MINISTERS
BY JOHN SCALI
WASHINGTON, APRIL 14 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN TODAY SIDETRACKED FRENCH PLEAS THEY JOIN RUSSIA IN STEPPING UP ECONOMIC AID AND CUTTING BACK WEAPONS SHIPMENTS TO UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES.
FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE BIG THREE WESTERN ALLIES DISAGREED ON THE ISSUES AS THEY WOUND UP A PRE-SUMMIT HARMONY CONFERENCE.
THE DISPUTE SOMEWHAT DULLED THEIR SUCCESS IN FORGING AN OTHERWISE SOLID FRONT ON THE BERLIN-GERMAN AND DISARMAMENT PROBLEMS THEIR CHIEFS WILL DISCUSS WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV AT NEXT MONTH'S SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN PARIS.

THE ALLIED FOREIGN MINISTERS, INCLUDING WEST GERMANY'S HEINRICH VON BRENTANO, PRONOUNCED THEMSELVES WELL SATISFIED WITH THE RESULT OF THEIR THREE DAYS OF STRATEGY TALKS.

"PREPARATIONS ARE WELL ADVANCED FOR THE EFFECTIVE PRESENTATION OF THE WESTERN POSITION AT THE SUMMIT," A FINAL STATEMENT SAID.

SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER TEAMED WITH BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD TO BLOCK APPROVAL OF THE FRENCH PROPOSAL ADVANCED AT THE LAST SESSION BY FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE.

AFTER SOME DISCUSSION, ALL THREE AGREED TO HAND OVER THE CONTROVERSIAL PROPOSITION, FAVORED BY FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE, TO A COMMITTEE OF ALLIED DIPLOMATS FOR FURTHER STUDY.

ALLIED SPOKESMEN SAID DISAGREEMENT ON WHAT THEY CALLED FRINGE ISSUES WAS UNIMPORTANT COMPARED TO THEIR SUCCESS IN BRIDGING DIFFERENCES ON KEY ISSUES THE WEST WILL DISCUSS WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

IN PREVIOUS SESSIONS THE FOREIGN MINISTERS HAD UNANIMOUSLY AGREED TO RECOMMEND THAT THEIR CHIEFS:

1. PRESS RUSSIA TO NEGOTIATE A SINGLE GERMAN PEACE TREATY BASED ON A FREE VOTE BY THE 70 MILLION GERMANS IN THE WESTERN AND THE COMMUNIST SECTORS OF THE DIVIDED LAND.

2. SEARCH FOR A STOPGAP SETTLEMENT OF THEIR BERLIN DISPUTE WITH RUSSIA IF, AS SEEMS LIKELY, THE SOVIETS REJECT A SOLUTION WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF GERMAN UNITY.

3. OFFER RUSSIA "QUICKIE" PARTIAL DISARMAMENT MEASURES AS A BEGINNING OF REDUCING WORLD TENSION, IF RUSSIA CONTINUES TO SPURN THEIR SWEEPING PLAN FOR CONTROLLING NUCLEAR WEAPONS, MISSILES AND CONVENTIONAL FORCES.

4. MEET IN PARIS MAY 14 WITH WEST GERMANY'S CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER FOR A FINAL STRATEGY HUDDLE BEFORE THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE BEGINS.

SPOKESMEN FOR ALL ALLIED DELEGATIONS RE-EMPHASIZED TODAY THAT THE WEST HAS NO INTENTION OF BUYING OFF RUSSIAN PRESSURE AGAINST BERLIN WITH CONCESSIONS BIGGER THAN THOSE THE SOVIETS REJECTED AT GENEVA LAST JUNE.

THEY STRESSED ALSO THAT THEY DID NOT BELIEVE KHRUSHCHEV INTENDED TO PUSH THE BERLIN ISSUE TO A CRISIS AT THE SUMMIT.

AN EAST-WEST AGREEMENT TO BAN NUCLEAR TESTS WITH ACCEPTABLE CONTROL, THEY SAID, APPEARS TO BE THE TOP PLUS THAT MAY COME OUT OF THE EAST-WEST PARLEY.

IN TURNING ASIDE THE FRENCH PROPOSALS TODAY, HERTER WAS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE SUGGESTED THAT ANY ARMS EMBARGO TO AFRICAN NATIONS SHOULD AWAIT AN INITIATIVE FROM THE COUNTRIES IN THE AREA.

THE FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER PUT FORWARD HIS PROPOSAL WITH THE AIM OF AVOIDING AN EAST-WEST ARMS RACE IN NEWLY INDEPENDENT AFRICAN NATIONS, PARTICULARLY.

HERTER'S OBJECTIONS REFLECTED CONCERN ANY SUCH AGREEMENT WITH THE KREMLIN MIGHT INTERFERE WITH WESTERN ARMS DELIVERIES TO ALLIES IN THE AREA.

HERTER AND LLOYD'S OPPOSITION TO THE FRENCH AID PLAN BOILED DOWN TO A BELIEF THIS WOULD GIVE RUSSIA AN ECONOMIC FOOTHOLD WHERE IT HAS LITTLE INFLUENCE NOW.

COUVE DE MURVILLE HAD PROPOSED THAT THE WEST JOINTLY COORDINATE WITH RUSSIA AID PROGRAMS IN INDIVIDUAL COUNTRIES TO AVOID DUPLICATION AND COMPETITION.

JK428PES

30.24-10483

X19WX
(460) AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD MISSILES
BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

WASHINGTON, APRIL 14 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES IS GIVING THOUGHT TO ARMING THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE WITH ITS PROMISING SUBMARINE-LAUNCHED POLARIS MISSILE.

A STATE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY DISCUSSIONS OF THIS POSSIBILITY BEGAN AT THE ATLANTIC PACT DEFENSE MEETING IN PARIS TWO WEEKS AGO. HE STRESSED THE TALKS ARE IN A VERY EARLY STAGE.

WORD OF THIS CAME A DAY AFTER BRITAIN JUNKED A MAJOR PART OF ITS MILITARY ROCKET PROGRAM AND DECIDED TO RELY ON THE UNITED STATES FOR MISSILES WHICH WOULD BE FIRED FROM MOBILE RATHER THAN MORE VULNERABLE FIXED BASES.

THE NEW DEVELOPMENT FILLS OUT A LITTLE MORE THE PICTURE OF THE UNITED STATES AS THE MISSILE ARSENAL OF THE ANTI-COMMUNIST ALLIANCE.

STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE SAID BRITAIN--WHICH ALREADY HAS BEEN FURNISHED 60 U. S. LAND-BASED INTERMEDIATE RANGE BALLISTIC--HAS INDICATED IT WOULD LIKE TO GET POLARISES ON ITS OWN.

BUT WHITE SAID BRITISH NEEDS "WOULD NECESSARILY HAVE TO BE CONSIDERED IN THE LIGHT OF" OVER-ALL NATO NEEDS.

IF IT WAS DECIDED TO GO AHEAD, THE POLARIS ROCKETS WOULD BE ASSIGNED TO THE HIGH COMMAND OF THE ALLIANCE. THIS COMMAND WOULD DEPLOY THEM WHERE IT THOUGHT THEY WOULD BE MOST EFFECTIVE.

THE NUCLEAR WARHEADS WOULD BE KEPT UNDER U. S. CONTROL, BUT WHITE SAID HE UNDERSTANDS BRITAIN--AN ATOMIC POWER IN ITS OWN RIGHTS--WANTS TO BUILD ITS OWN WARHEADS.

THE SKETCHY ANNOUNCEMENT LEFT OPEN THE QUESTION OF WHO WOULD BUILD THE SPECIALLY-DESIGNED SUBMARINES TO FIRE ANY POLARISES HANDED OVER TO NATO.

MOST OF THE ALLIANCE NATIONS ARE MARITIME POWERS, BUT NUCLEAR-POWERED POLARIS SUBS COST MORE THAN 100 MILLION DOLLARS EACH AND THERE IS DOUBT MANY COULD AFFORD A SIZABLE FLEET OF THEM.

THE U. S. NAVY HAS HIGH HOPES FOR THE POLARIS, WHICH IS APPROACHING THE COMBAT READY STAGE. FIRST MODELS OF THE ROCKET ARE PLANNED FOR A RANGE OF 1,200 MILES. LATER TYPES WILL HAVE A LONGER REACH.

ITS PROTAGONISTS CLAIM A FLEET OF 45 SUBMARINES FIRING 16 POLARISES EACH, COULD CLOBBER RUSSIA OR ANY OTHER POTENTIAL FOE. AND THEY SAY ITS ABILITY TO FIRE FROM BENEATH THE SEA MAKES THE POLARIS SUB UNSTOPPABLE BY ANY ENEMY COUNTERMEASURES.

THE NAVY HAS BEEN STUDYING WHETHER TO PLACE THE POLARIS ON SURFACE SHIPS ALSO, BUT NO CONCLUSIONS HAVE BEEN REACHED ON THIS.

THE UNITED STATES ALREADY HAS EQUIPPED BRITAIN WITH FOUR SQUADRONS OF THOR IRBMS, CAPABLE OF HITTING TARGETS 1,500 MILES FROM THEIR LAUNCHING PADS. ITALY IS NEXT IN LINE TO GET ABOUT 30 JUPITER IRBMS IN TWO SQUADRONS, AND TURKEY HAS AGREED TO TAKE A SINGLE SUADRON OF 15 JUPITERS.

BUT THESE ROCKETS CAN BE LAUNCHED ONLY FROM FIXED PADS, AND THUS ARE REGARDED AS POSSIBLE SITTING DUCKS IF RUSSIA SHOULD TAKE AIM AT THEM WITH HIGH SPEED MISSILES.

THE BRITISH BLUE STREAK ROCKET WAS DESIGNED TO BE FIRED FROM SUCH IMMOVABLE BASES, AND THAT WAS ONE REASON FOR ITS ABANDONMENT.

DOVETAILED WITH THE BRITISH ACTION YESTERDAY WAS AN ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT THAT U. S. SKYBOLT MISSILES WILL BE SOLD TO BRITAIN, WITH THE BRITISH TO MAKE THEIR OWN NUCLEAR WARHEAD FOR THEM.

THE SKYBOLT, NOW BEING DEVELOPED BY THE U. S. AIR FORCE, IS INTENDED AS AN AIR-TO-GROUND BALLISTIC ROCKET TO BE FIRED FROM B52 JET BOMBERS AT TARGETS ABOUT 1,200 MILES OFF. IT IS BEING COUNTED ON TO PROLONG THE STRIKING LIFE OF THE MANNED BOMBER IN THIS MISSILE AGE.
(EDS: 5TH GRAF A19 ABOVE READ X X X BALLISTIC MISSILES--HAS ETC.)
LT342PES

A55'KX
BULLETIN
SAN CLEMENTE ISLAND, CALIF., APRIL 14 (AP)-THE NAVY TODAY FIRED A POLARIS FROM AN UNDERWATER LAUNCH TUBE IN A TEST OFFICERS SAID BROUGHT THE SUBMARINE MISSILE CLOSER TO COMBAT READINESS.

IT WAS THE FIRST TIME A POLARIS HAD BEEN FIRED SUCCESSFULLY IN AN UNDERWATER LAUNCH. AN ATTEMPT TO DO THIS LAST MARCH 27 FAILED BECAUSE OF MALFUNCTION OF EXTERNAL EQUIPMENT.

THE 28-FOOT-LONG BOTTLE-SHAPED MISSILE POPPED UP ABOVE THE OCEAN SURFACE AT 2:21 P.M. AFTER A DELAY OF MORE THAN THREE HOURS IN THE COUNTDOWN.

ITS SOLID FUEL FIRST-STAGE ENGINE BURNED FOR FIVE SECONDS AS PLANNED, DRIVING THE MISSILE TO A HEIGHT OF 1,800 FEET. AFTER A FLIGHT OF 19 SECONDS THE YELLOW BIRD THEN FELL BACK INTO THE OCEAN AND DISINTEGRATED ON IMPACT SOME 500 FEET AWAY.

NAVY OFFICERS SAID THE TEST DEMONSTRATED THE ABILITY OF POLARIS TO ACCOMPLISH THE TRANSITION FROM UNDERWATER LAUNCH TO POWERED FLIGHT. THEY SAID IT WAS A GREAT FORWARD STEP IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE MISSILE SCHEDULED FOR OPERATIONAL SERVICE ABOARD NUCLEAR-POWERED SUBMARINES LATER THIS YEAR.

FRANK WHITE, UNDERWATER LAUNCH PROJECT DIRECTOR, SAID THE SUCCESS OF TODAY'S SHOT BROUGHT CLOSER THE DAY WHEN A LIVE POLARIS MISSILE COULD BE FIRED FROM A SUBMARINE. LATEST LIVE FIRINGS OF THE MISSILE HAVE BEEN FROM SURFACE SHIPS.

THE LAUNCH TUBE USED TODAY IS AN EXACT REPLICA OF THE 16 TUBES EACH POLARIS SUBMARINE CARRIES. THE TUBE WAS ANCHORED ON THE BOTTOM OF THE OCEAN SOME 1,500 FEET OFF THE EAST SHORE OF THIS NAVY INSTALLATION 55 MILES SOUTHWEST OF LOS ANGELES.

THE EXACT DEPTH OF THE LAUNCHER WAS NOT DISCLOSED BUT IT WAS ESTIMATED TO BE A LITTLE MORE THAN 100 FEET.

THE TEST MISSILE, BLOWN TO THE SURFACE BY COMPRESSED AIR, POPPED INTO VIEW ABOUT TWO SECONDS AFTER THE COUNTDOWN REACHED ZERO. DEMONSTRATING A CAPABILITY FOR LAUNCHING IN ROUGH WEATHER, THE MISSILE ROSE STRAIGHT IN THE AIR DESPITE A 25-KNOT WIND. IT ARCHED TOWARD THE SOUTHEAST AT THE PEAK OF ITS FLIGHT BUT OFFICERS SAID THIS WAS PLANNED.

THIS WAS THE 67TH LAUNCHING FROM THE UNDERWATER TEST TUBE HERE. PRIOR TO THE MARCH 27 FAILURE ONLY DUMMY MISSILES WERE USED.

TODAY'S MISSILE CARRIED ONLY ENOUGH SOLID FUEL FOR FIVE SECONDS OF POWERED FLIGHT AND ITS SECOND STAGE WAS COMPLETELY INERT. OPERATIONAL MISSILES CARRYING FUEL FOR 60 SECONDS OF POWERED FLIGHT IN EACH STAGE WILL HAVE A RANGE OF ABOUT 1,200 MILES. LONGEST RANGE YET ACHIEVED BY A POLARIS IS 900 MILES.
DV6PCS

1960

A69KX
J (120)
SACRAMENTO, CALIF., APRIL 14 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES IS FIVE TO SIX YEARS AHEAD OF THE SOVIET UNION IN DEVELOPMENT OF SUBMARINE-LAUNCHED MISSILES, A TOP RANKING NAVY MISSILE OFFICER DECLARED TODAY.

REAR ADM. WILLIAM F. RABORN, HERE TO DEDICATE A NEW ROCKET FUEL INSTALLATION, TOLD REPORTERS THERE IS NO TRUTH TO PUBLISHED STATEMENTS BY A WASHINGTON COLUMNIST THAT THE U. S. POLARIS MISSILE PROGRAM IS LAGGING.

THE POLARIS IS A MISSILE DEVELOPMENT FOR UNDERWATER FIRING FROM SUBMARINES. THREE POLARIS SUBS HAVE BEEN LAUNCHED.

RABORN, DIRECTOR OF SPECIAL PROJECTS FOR THE BUREAU OF NAVAL WEAPONS, DISCLOSED NAVY PLANS TO BUILD 45 OF THE MISSILE-LAUNCHING SUBMARINES, WHICH HE SAID "WOULD BE AS NEARLY INVULNERABLE AS ANY WEAPON THAT COULD BE IMAGINED."

THE SUBMARINES, HE EXPLAINED, COULD OPERATE IN FRIENDLY WATERS AND NOT BE SUBJECTED TO SEA OR LAND ATTACK.

RABORN OPENED THE WORLD'S FIRST ASSEMBLY LINE FOR MIXING SOLID ROCKET FUEL AT THE AEROJET-GENERAL CORP. PLANT HERE. THE AUTOMATED INSTALLATION COST 2 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS.
FJ609PCS

A50WX
(350) NIGHT LEAD PASSPORT
BY KARL R. BAUMAN
WASHINGTON, APRIL 14 (AP)-REP. CHARLES O. PORTER (D-ORE) LOST ANOTHER LEGAL ROUND TODAY IN HIS EFFORTS TO GET A PASSPORT FOR TRAVEL TO RED CHINA.

A THREE-JUDGE PANEL OF THE U.S. COURT OF APPEALS SAID PORTER'S STATUS AS A MEMBER OF CONGRESS DOES NOT ENTITLE HIM TO BE EXEMPTED FROM ORDERS OF THE EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. THIS PUT PORTER IN THE SAME CLASS AS ANY OTHER CITIZEN.

PORTER TOLD A REPORTER HE WOULD CARRY HIS CASE TO THE SUPREME COURT.

"ANYBODY WHO LOOKS THIS THING IN THE FACE CAN SEE THAT WE MUST INCREASE OUR COMMUNICATIONS WITH CHINA," HE COMMENTED. "CHINA IS THE NATION MOST LIKELY TO START A WAR AND CHINA MUST BE INCLUDED IN ANY DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT."

PORTER APPLIED TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT LAST JUNE FOR PERMISSION TO VISIT RED CHINA. HE ASSERTED THAT AS A MEMBER OF CONGRESS HE HAS A RIGHT TO GO ANYWHERE TO DO HIS LEGISLATIVE DUTY AS HE SEES IT, EXCEPT IN TIME OF WAR OR EMERGENCY.

ANY OTHER POLICY, HE SAID, WOULD BE AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL BREACH OF THE SEPARATION OF POWERS.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT MAINTAINED IT HAD AUTHORITY TO DENY PASSPORTS TO AMERICANS TO TRAVEL IN COMMUNIST COUNTRIES WITH WHICH THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT HAVE DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.

THE APPELLATE COURT'S OPINION SAID, HOWEVER, THE CASE INVOLVED NO CONFLICT BETWEEN THE LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE BRANCHES OF THE GOVERNMENT SINCE PORTER HAD NO AUTHORIZATION FROM CONGRESS OR ANY OF ITS COMMITTEES TO TRAVEL IN COMMUNIST CHINA. IT SAID:

"THE ISSUE HERE IS MERELY BETWEEN A CLAIM OF AN INHERENT RIGHT ASSERTED IN HIS INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY BY A MEMBER OF THE LEGISLATIVE BRANCH, AND THE PLENARY POWER OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH ASSERTED BY IT IN RELATION TO AND IN ITS CONDUCT OF THE NATION'S FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

"UNDER SUCH CIRCUMSTANCES THE INDIVIDUAL CONGRESSMAN MUST CONFORM TO THE REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO PASSPORTS WHICH APPLY TO ALL CITIZENS AND WHICH HAVE BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT HAVING JURISDICTION OVER THE SUBJECT."

THE APPELLATE COURT CITED EARLIER DECISIONS IN THE CASES OF NEWSMEN WILLIAM WORTHY AND WALDO FRANK UPHOLDING THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S RIGHT TO PUT GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS OF THE WORLD OUT OF BOUNDS TO AMERICAN TRAVELERS.

"WE DEEM THE PRINCIPLES ANNOUNCED IN THOSE CASES TO APPLY HERE," THE COURT SAID.

RETIRED SUPREME COURT JUSTICE HAROLD H. BURTON, WHO FREQUENTLY SITS ON THE APPELLATE COURT, AND JUDGES JOHN A. DANAHER AND WALTER M. BASTIAN HEARD THE PORTER CASE. THESE SAME JUDGES HANDED DOWN THE WORTHY AND FRANK DECISIONS. TODAY'S OPINION WAS UNSIGNED.
CZ617PES

30.24-10485

B14WX Q
(200)
WASHINGTON, APRIL 14 (AP)-THE U.S. COURT OF APPEALS TODAY UPHELD THE RIGHT OF COMMANDERS OF MILITARY INSTALLATIONS TO BAR CIVILIANS FOR UNSPECIFIED SECURITY REASONS WITHOUT A HEARING.

THE 5-4 DECISION WAS HANDED DOWN IN THE CASE OF A WOMAN SHORT-ORDER COOK AT THE NAVY GUN FACTORY HERE.

THE WOMAN, MRS. RACHEL M. BRAWNER, MOTHER OF NINE, WAS TOLD TO SURRENDER HER IDENTIFICATION BADGE "FOR SECURITY REASONS" IN NOVEMBER, 1956. SHE WORKED FOR A PRIVATE CONTRACTOR WHICH OPERATED A CAFETERIA AT THE GUN FACTORY.

HER UNION, CAFETERIA AND RESTAURANT WORKERS, AFL-CIO, CARRIED THE CASE TO THE COURT.

SPEAKING FOR THE MAJORITY, CHIEF JUDGE E. BARRETT PRETTYMAN SAID THAT UNDER ALL THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE CASE NO RIGHTS OF MRS. BRAWNER WERE VIOLATED BY THE LIFTING OF HER IDENTIFICATION BADGE FOR ENTRANCE TO THE GUN FACTORY.

"NOT ONLY DO THE GOVERNMENT OFFICES HAVE TECHNICAL AUTHORITY TO PROTECT THE PRIVACY OF PREMISES SUCH AS A NAVAL GUN FACTORY, BUT THE RIGHT TO DO SO IS OF THE HIGHEST PRIORITY IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST," PRETTYMAN SAID.

THE FOUR DISSENTING JUDGES TOOK THE POSITION THAT MRS. BRAWNER WAS ENTITLED TO A HEARING AS TO WHY HER IDENTIFICATION BADGE WAS BEING LIFTED.

BU316PES

A50WX
ADVANCE FOR 6:30 A.M. EST TODAY
(A00) MANSFIELD
BY ERNEST B. VACCARO

1960

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 14 (AP)-SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD (D-MONT) SAID TODAY THAT THE NATION IS LESS SECURE AND NO NEARER PEACE NOW THAN IT WAS WHEN THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION CAME INTO POWER.

MANSFIELD, ASSISTANT DEMOCRATIC LEADER OF THE SENATE, BLAMED WHAT HE CALLED "NEGLECT AND EVASION" FOR A MONUMENTAL ACCUMULATION OF PROBLEMS THE NEXT ADMINISTRATION, DEMOCRATIC OR REPUBLICAN, WILL FACE.

"THE NEEDS WILL NOT BE MET BY CRUSADES WHICH CRUMBLE AFTER THE FIRST FLUSH OF POLITICAL VICTORY," HE SAID IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR THE SENATE. "THEY WILL NOT BE FILLED BY THE MANIPULATION OF WORDS. THEY WILL BE FILLED BY AN ADMINISTRATION WHICH, WITH THE COOPERATION OF CONGRESS, ACCEPTS, RATHER THAN EVADES, THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE 20TH CENTURY."

MANSFIELD CHARGED THAT A DEEPENING DISQUIET IS SPREADING THROUGH THE NATION BECAUSE OF WHAT HE TERMED "VISIBLE GAPS IN SPACE EXPLORATION," APPARENT NATIONAL DEFENSE DEFICIENCIES AND A GROWING AWARENESS PEACE IS HELD TOGETHER BY "A THREAD STRETCHED TAUT."

"THIS ERA IS ENDING WITH THE NATION, RELATIVELY, FAR LESS SECURE THAN IT WAS 15 YEARS AGO. LESS SECURE THAN IT WAS A DECADE AGO, STILL LESS SECURE THAN IT WAS FIVE YEARS AGO," MANSFIELD SAID.

MANSFIELD CHARGED THAT THROUGH MISTAKES OF JUDGMENT AND APPARENTLY "FANTASTIC CONCEPTS OF NEEDS AND OBSOLESCENCE" THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT GOT RID OF 7 1/2 BILLION DOLLARS IN EQUIPMENT AND MATERIEL IN 1958 AT A FRACTION OF THEIR VALUE. HE SAID THE WRITE-OFF FOR 1959 LIKELY WOULD REACH 10 BILLION DOLLARS.

THE BRITISH, HE SAID, OPERATE THEIR ENTIRE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT FOR 4 TO 5 BILLION DOLLARS ANNUALLY "AT ABOUT HALF THE COST OF THE ASSETS OUR DEFENSE DEPARTMENT ABANDONS EACH YEAR."

IN A THINLY VEILED ATTACK ON REPUBLICAN CLAIMS OF KEEPING THE NATION AT PEACE, HE SAID THE AGREEMENT THE ADMINISTRATION SIGNED WITH THE COMMUNISTS IN 1953 DID NO MORE THAN CONVERT INTO A WRITTEN TRUCE THE TRUCE THAT ALREADY PREVAILED IN KOREA PRIOR TO ITS SIGNING.

INSTEAD OF PEACE IN FORMOSA, IN VIET NAM, IN LAOS, MANSFIELD ADDED, THE UNITED STATES HAS, AT THE COST OF BILLIONS IN AID AND A VAST AND COSTLY DEPLOYMENT OF ITS OWN FORCES IN THE FAR EAST "BOUGHT TIME ONLY IN ORDER THAT WE MAY CONTINUE TO BUY TIME."

AS FOR EUROPE, HE SAID, "THE FORCES OF INCIPIENT CONFLICT ARE RISING AT BERLIN TO A POINT OF NAKED AND DEVASTATING CONFRONTATION."

"WE ARE ON PATHS TO SUMMITS," HE ADDED, "BUT APPARENTLY WE HAVE YET TO FIND THE PATHS FOR CONTINUED WESTERN UNITY AND FOR A CLOSING OF THE DIVISION IN GERMANY AND EUROPE, A CLOSING UPON WHICH PEACE ULTIMATELY DEPENDS."

EG545AES

B91WX Q
CONTEMPT
WASHINGTON, APRIL 14 (AP)-TWO MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN COMMUNICATIONS ASSN., AN INDEPENDENT UNION, WERE SENTENCED TODAY TO FOUR MONTHS IN JAIL AND FINED $100 EACH FOR CONTEMPT OF CONGRESS.

JUDGE JOSEPH C. MCGARRAGHY IMPOSED THE SENTENCES ON FRANK GRUMMAN OF FORT LEE, N. J., AND BERNARD SILBER OF NEW YORK.

THEY WERE CONVICTED FOR REFUSING TO ANSWER QUESTIONS BEFORE THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES IN 1957.

THE COMMITTEE WAS LOOKING INTO WHETHER COMMUNIST PENETRATION IN THE COMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY POSED A THREAT TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

GRUMMAN AND SILBER WERE ALLOWED TO REMAIN FREE ON BOND OF $1,000 EACH PENDING AN APPEAL.

SR1225PES

A101WX
PAN AMERICAN

1960

WASHINGTON, APRIL 14 (AP)-THE SENATE TODAY ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY A RESOLUTION EXTENDING "WARM GREETINGS" TO ALL OTHER WESTERN HEMISPHERE REPUBLICS ON THE 70TH ANNIVERSARY OF FOUNDING OF THE PAN AMERICAN UNION.

THE RESOLUTION VOICED "A SINCERE HOPE FOR THE CONTINUANCE AND INTENSIFICATION OF THE COOPERATION OF THE AMERICANS" IN THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES WHICH EVOLVED FROM THE PAN AMERICAN UNION.

FRX837PES

A114
NIGHT LEAD DE GAULLE (160)
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., APRIL 14 (AP)-SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD AND PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE WILL MEET ON THE DIPLOMATIC BUT NOT THE SOCIAL LEVEL IN NEW YORK.

THAT APPEARED TO BE THE SITUATION TONIGHT STEMMING FROM THE FRENCH PRESIDENT'S DECISION TO BYPASS THE UNITED NATIONS DURING HIS STAY IN NEW YORK APRIL 26-27.

HAMMARSKJOLD WILL CALL ON DE GAULLE FOR A PRIVATE TALK AT THE LATTER'S HOTEL BUT HE IS NOT EXPECTED TO ATTEND EITHER THE LUNCHEON IN HONOR OF DE GAULLE GIVEN BY MAYOR WAGNER AT THE ASTOR HOTEL ON APRIL 27, OR THE DINNER THAT EVENING AT THE WALDORF-ASTORIA GIVEN BY THE FRENCH-AMERICAN SOCIETIES.

IT WAS EXPLAINED THAT HAMMARSKJOLD FOLLOWS A POLICY OF NOT ATTENDING RECEPTIONS GIVEN OUTSIDE U.N. HEADQUARTERS.

SOME ASIAN-AFRICAN NATIONS AT THE U.N. WERE REPORTED ALSO TO HAVE DECIDED TO TURN DOWN INVITATIONS TO THE SOCIAL EVENTS IN CONNECTION WITH DE GAULLE'S VISIT.

A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN IN PARIS SAID DE GAULLE IS BYPASSING THE U.N. BECAUSE THE ASSEMBLY IS NOT IN SESSION. BUT DE GAULLE IS CHILLY TOWARD THE U.N. BECAUSE OF ACTIONS TAKEN HERE ON ALGERIA AND ATOMIC TESTS IN THE SAHARA AND REGARDED BY HIM AS UNFRIENDLY TOWARD FRANCE.

DY925PES

A111
(120)
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., APRIL 14 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES FAILED AGAIN TODAY TO AGREE ON ARRANGEMENTS FOR A MEETING OF THE U.N. COMMITTEE ON PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE. BUT VARIOUS DIPLOMATS EXPRESSED BELIEF THERE WOULD BE ONE NEXT MONTH.

THIS BELIEF STEMMED IN PART FROM A PRIVATE BRIEFING THAT U.S. DELEGATE HENRY CABOT LODGE GAVE DELEGATES OF AUSTRALIA, BRAZIL, BRITAIN, CANADA, FRANCE, SWEDEN AND JAPAN ON HIS NEGOTIATIONS WITH SOVIET DELEGATE ARKADY A. SOBOLEV.

LODGE AND SOBOLEV LATER HELD ANOTHER MEETING BUT IT BECAME CLEAR THEY WERE STILL AT ODDS ON SOME ISSUES.

DIPLOMATS INFORMED ON THE LODGE BRIEFING SAID HE WAS NOT WITHOUT HOPE THAT THE COMMITTEE COULD MEET IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

JR908PES

A66
UNITED NATIONS, APRIL 14 (AP)-THE U.N. MEMBERSHIP HAS DECIDED AGAINST HOLDING A SPECIAL GENERAL SESSION ON FRENCH NUCLEAR TEST BLASTING IN THE SAHARA.

SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD TONIGHT ANNOUNCED THIS RESULT OF A POLL UNDERTAKEN LAST MONTH AFTER 22 AFRICAN AND ASIAN DELEGATIONS REQUESTED THE SESSION.

ONLY 36 OF THE 82 NATIONS FAVORED SUCH A SESSION, 6 LESS THAN THE MAJORITY NEEDED.

FRANCE RECENTLY MADE TWO ATOMIC TEST BLASTS [illegible] RA.

PL656PES

April 14, 1960 — END